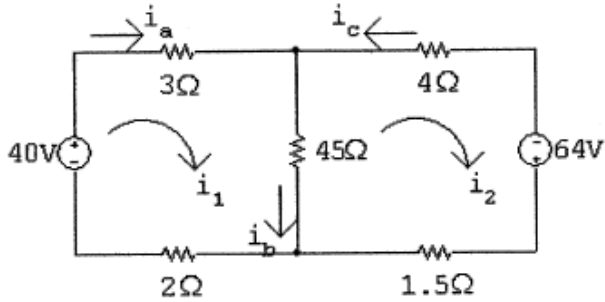


Solution to HW#5 – Mesh Analysis

Problem Assignment:

Mesh analysis problems: 31a, 32a, 33, 35, 41a, 42, 47, 15 (using mesh equations)

P 4.31 [a]



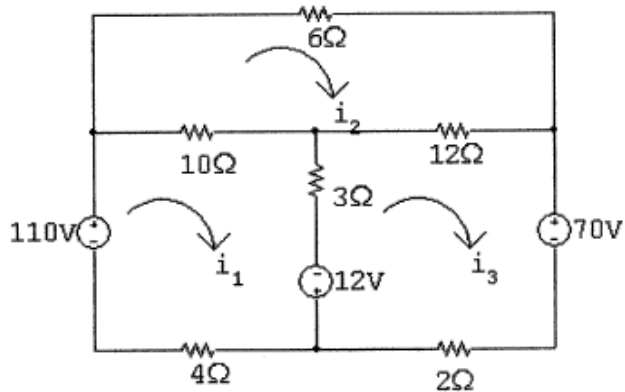
$$40 = 50i_1 - 45i_2$$

$$64 = -45i_1 + 50.5i_2$$

$$\text{Solving, } i_1 = 9.8 \text{ A; } i_2 = 10 \text{ A}$$

$$i_a = i_1 = 9.8 \text{ A; } i_b = i_1 - i_2 = -0.2 \text{ A; } i_c = -i_2 = -10 \text{ A}$$

P 4.32 [a]



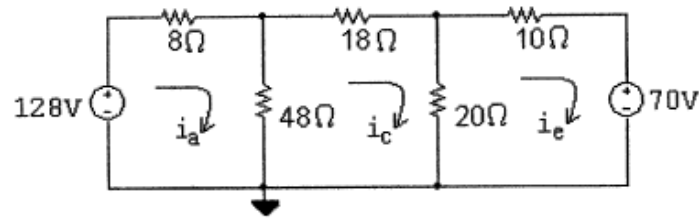
$$110 + 12 = 17i_1 - 10i_2 - 3i_3$$

$$0 = -10i_1 + 28i_2 - 12i_3$$

$$-12 - 70 = -3i_1 - 12i_2 + 17i_3$$

$$\text{Solving, } i_1 = 8 \text{ A; } i_2 = 2 \text{ A; } i_3 = -2 \text{ A}$$

P 4.33 [a]



The three mesh current equations are:

$$-128 + 8i_a + 48(i_a - i_c) = 0$$

$$18i_c + 20(i_c - i_e) + 48(i_c - i_a) = 0$$

$$70 + 20(i_e - i_c) + 10i_e = 0$$

Place these equations in standard form:

$$i_a(8 + 48) + i_c(-48) + i_e(0) = 128$$

$$i_a(-48) + i_c(18 + 20 + 48) + i_e(-20) = 0$$

$$i_a(0) + i_c(-20) + i_e(20 + 10) = -70$$

Solving, $i_a = 4$ A; $i_c = 2$ A; $i_e = -1$ A

Now calculate the remaining branch currents:

$$i_b = i_a - i_c = 2$$
 A

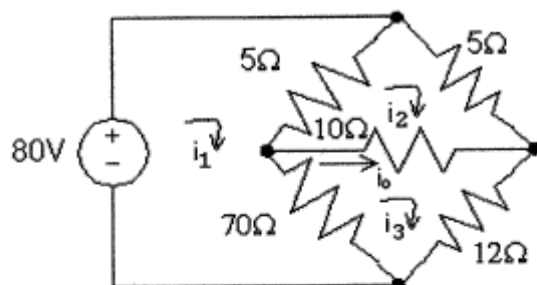
$$i_d = i_c - i_e = 3$$
 A

[b] $p_{\text{sources}} = p_{128\text{V}} + p_{70\text{V}} = -(128)i_a + (70)i_e$

$$= -(128)(4) + (70)(-1) = -512 - 70 = -582$$
 W

Thus, the power developed in the circuit is 582 W. Note that the resistors cannot develop power!

P 4.35



The three mesh current equations are:

$$-80 + 5(i_1 - i_2) + 70(i_1 - i_3) = 0$$

$$5i_2 + 10(i_2 - i_3) + 5(i_2 - i_1) = 0$$

$$12i_3 + 70(i_3 - i_1) + 10(i_3 - i_2) = 0$$

Place these equations in standard form:

$$i_1(5 + 70) + i_2(-5) + i_3(-70) = 80$$

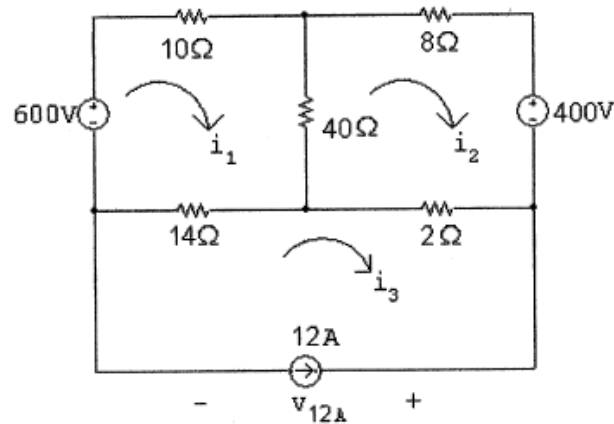
$$i_1(-5) + i_2(5 + 10 + 5) + i_3(-10) = 0$$

$$i_1(-70) + i_2(-10) + i_3(12 + 70 + 10) = 0$$

Solving, $i_1 = 6$ A; $i_2 = 4$ A; $i_3 = 5$ A

Thus, $i_o = i_3 - i_2 = 1$ A.

P 4.41



$$600 = 64i_1 - 40i_2 - 14i_3$$

$$-400 = -40i_1 + 50i_2 - 2i_3$$

$$-12 = i_3$$

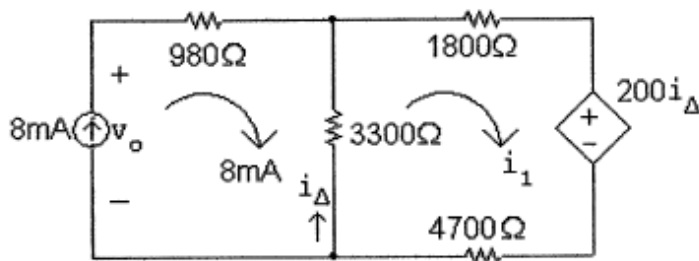
Solving, $i_1 = 2.9$ A; $i_2 = -6.16$ A; $i_3 = -12$ A

$$\begin{aligned} \text{[a]} \quad v_{12A} &= 2(12 - 6.16) + 14(12 + 2.9) \\ &= 220.28 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

$$p_{12A} = -12v_{12A} = -12(220.28) = -2643.36 \text{ W}$$

Therefore, the 12 A source delivers 2643.36 W.

P 4.42 [a]



The mesh current equation for the right mesh is:

$$3300(i_1 - 0.008) + 6500i_1 + 200(i_1 - 0.008) = 0$$

$$\text{Solving, } 10,000i_1 = 28 \quad \therefore i_1 = 2.8 \text{ mA}$$

$$\text{Then, } i_{\Delta} = i_1 - 0.008 = -5.2 \text{ mA}$$

$$\text{[b]} \quad v_o = (0.008)(980) - (-0.0052)(3300) = 25 \text{ V}$$

$$p_{8mA} = -(25)(0.008) = -200 \text{ mW}$$

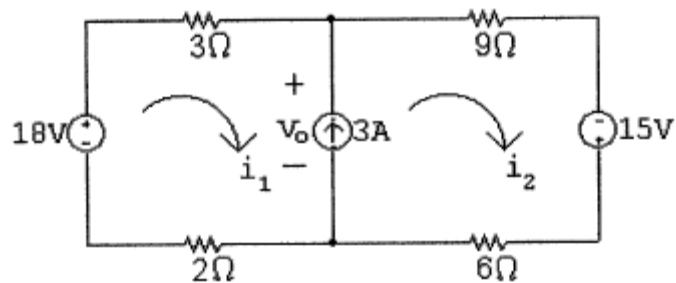
Thus, the 8 mA source delivers 200 mW

$$\text{[c]} \quad 200i_{\Delta} = 200(-0.0052) = -1.04 \text{ V}$$

$$p_{\text{dep source}} = 200i_{\Delta}i_1 = (-1.04)(0.0028) = -2.912 \text{ mW}$$

The dependent source delivers 2.912 mW.

P 4.47



$$-18 + 3i_1 + 9i_2 - 15 + 6i_2 + 2i_1 = 0; \quad i_2 - i_1 = 3$$

$$\text{Solving, } i_1 = -0.6 \text{ A}; \quad i_2 = 2.4 \text{ A}$$

$$p_{18V} = -18i_1 = 10.8 \text{ W (diss)}$$

$$p_{3\Omega} = (-0.6)^2(3) = 1.08 \text{ W}$$

$$p_{2\Omega} = (-0.6)^2(2) = 0.72 \text{ W}$$

$$p_{9\Omega} = (2.4)^2(9) = 51.84 \text{ W}$$

$$p_{6\Omega} = (2.4)^2(6) = 34.56 \text{ W}$$

$$\sum p_{\text{diss}} = 99 \text{ W}$$

$$v_o = 15i_2 - 15 = 36 - 15 = 21 \text{ V}$$

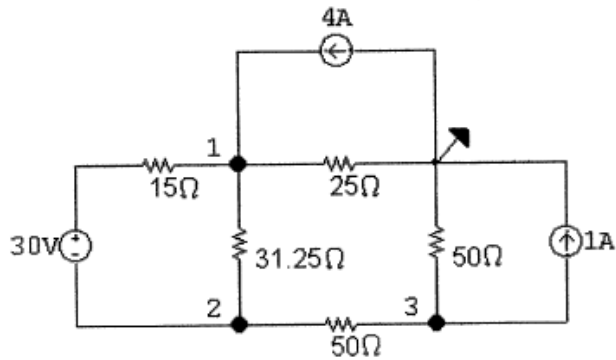
$$p_{3A} = -3v_o = -63 \text{ W (dev)}$$

$$p_{15V} = -15i_2 = -36 \text{ W (dev)}$$

$$\sum p_{\text{dev}} = 99 \text{ W} = \sum p_{\text{diss}}$$

4.15 using mesh equations (to be added later)

P 4.15



$$\frac{v_1 - (v_2 + 30)}{15} + \frac{v_1 - v_2}{31.25} + \frac{v_1}{25} - 4 = 0$$

$$-\left[\frac{v_1 - (v_2 + 30)}{15}\right] + \frac{v_2 - v_3}{50} + \frac{v_2 - v_1}{31.25} = 0$$

$$\frac{v_3 - v_2}{50} + \frac{v_3}{50} + 1 = 0$$

Solving, $v_1 = 76$ V; $v_2 = 46$ V; $v_3 = -2$ V; $i_{30V} = 0$ A

$$p_{4A} = -4v_1 = -4(76) = -304 \text{ W (del)}$$

$$p_{1A} = (1)(-2) = -2 \text{ W (del)}$$

$$p_{30V} = (30)(0) = 0 \text{ W}$$

$$p_{15\Omega} = (0)^2(15) = 0 \text{ W}$$

$$p_{25\Omega} = \frac{v_1^2}{25} = \frac{76^2}{25} = 231.04 \text{ W}$$

$$p_{31.25\Omega} = \frac{(v_1 - v_2)^2}{31.25} = \frac{30^2}{31.25} = 28.8 \text{ W}$$

$$p_{50\Omega(\text{lower})} = \frac{(v_2 - v_3)^2}{50} = \frac{48^2}{50} = 46.08 \text{ W}$$

$$p_{50\Omega(\text{right})} = \frac{v_3^2}{50} = \frac{4}{50} = 0.08 \text{ W}$$

$$\sum p_{\text{diss}} = 0 + 231.04 + 28.8 + 46.08 + 0.08 = 306 \text{ W}$$

$$\sum p_{\text{dev}} = 304 + 2 = 306 \text{ W (CHECKS)}$$